





Urbanization and Global Biosecurity: A Dangerously Neglected Dimension in DOD Doctrine and National Security Policy

Dr. George Poste

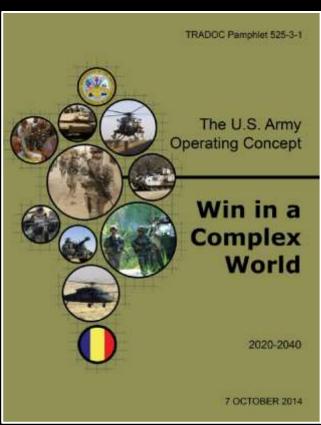
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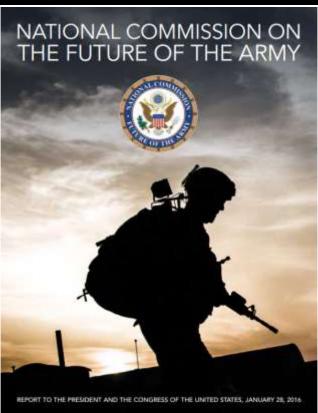
MAD SCIENTIST 2016: MEGACITIES AND DENSE URBAN AREAS IN 2025 AND BEYOND

Arizona State University, Tempe, Arizona

21-22 April 2016

The Changing Strategic Environment







UNCERTAIN GROUND

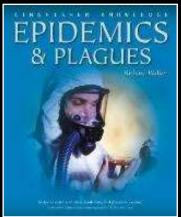
Emerging Challenges in Land Warfare

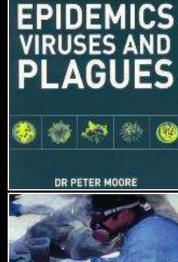
By Paul Scharre



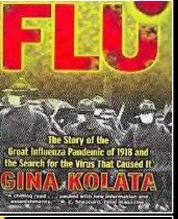
demographics and operations among populations in mega-cities, dense urban areas and complex terrain

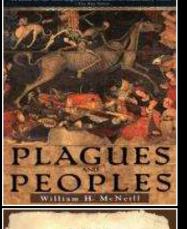
Infectious Disease: A Powerful Force in Human History

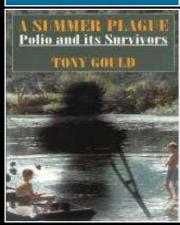


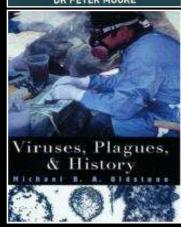


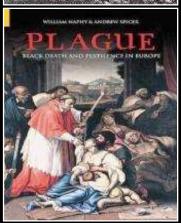
THE ESSENTIAL HANDBOOK OF

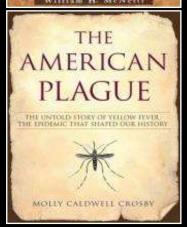


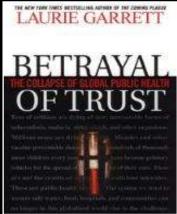


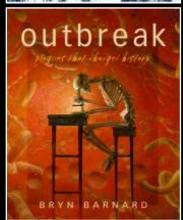


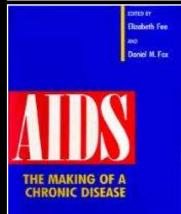


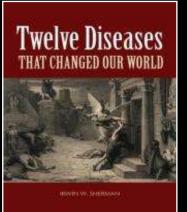












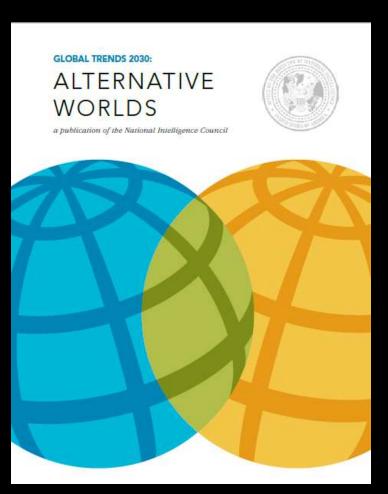
Biosecurity Is More Than Preparedness Against Infectious Diseases: Understanding the Implications of Major Economic Disparities and Environmental Dislocations



Biosecurity Is More Than Preparedness Against Infectious Diseases

- understanding how changes in complex biological systems threaten health and societal stability
 - directly and indirectly
 - infectious disease, sanitation and clean water, food production
 - ecosystem shifts and new patterns of disease
 - natural disasters
- disruption of transport and supply chains, economic loss and risk of civil disorder
- chronic social and economic instabilities as triggers of political turmoil and conflict
 - probability of future military and humanitarian missions

Global Urbanization



- 28 megacities in 2016 (populations greater than 10 million)
- Projected 41 megacities by 2030
- 850 cities with populations of 500,000 projected by 2030, majority in Africa and Asia
- estimated 60% of global population in urban areas by 2030
- 70% projected megacities in countries with Global Conflict Risk Index (GCRI) probability for conflict within 10 years

Global Urbanization





- estimated 180,000 people migrate to cities every day
- unprecedented demands (stresses) on infrastructure and services by 2030
 - food (35%[†]), water (40%[†]), energy (50%[†])
 - new housing demands equal to entire worldwide construction to date
- susceptibility of megacities to extreme weather events/natural disasters
 - littoral locations of 8/10 top megacities
 - vulnerability of vertical structures and slum zones

Global Urbanization: Deficits in Infrastructure and Services and Destabilization of Governance Systems





- diaspora from 'youth bulge' countries and refugee migrations from failing nations/conflict zones
- expansion of acute and extreme poverty
 - poor education, unemployment, xenophobic tensions
 - perceived disenfranchisement, civil unrest and appeal of extremist/religious ideologies
- breakdown of national governance and rise of local power-brokers hostile to US/coalition presence



MEGACITIES AND THE UNITED STATES ARMY

PREPARING FOR A COMPLEX AND UNCERTAIN FUTURE



Chief of Staff of the Army, Strategic Studies Group

Megacities Concept Team:

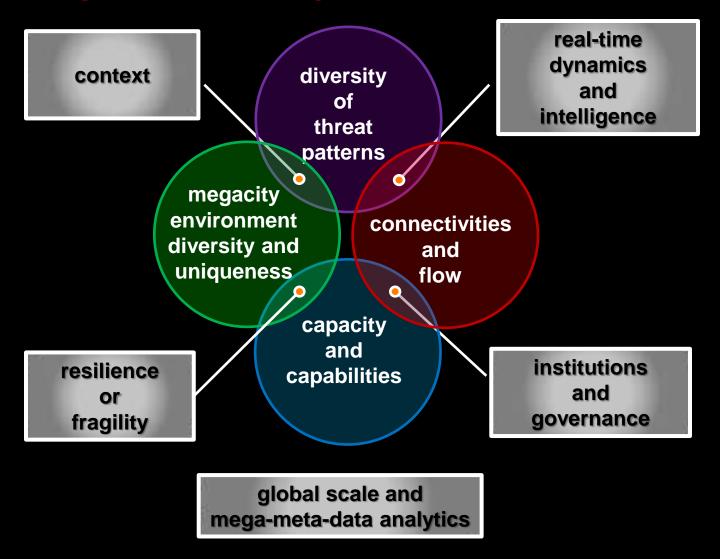
Colonel Marc Harris, Lieutenant Colonel Robert Dixon, Major Nicholas Melin, Command Sergeant Major Daniel Hendrex, Sergeant Major Richard Russo and Mr. Michael Bailey

Resilience:

Typology of Levels of Integration of Services, Integration and Governance in Megacities and Dense Urban Areas

high intermediate low

The Complexity Matrix for Strategy Development and Intelligence for Missions in Dense Urban Area and Complex Terrain Operational Environments



Data Layers for Intelligence and Mission Operations in Dense Urban Areas and Complex Terrain



- terrain
- weather
- threat
- civil considerations
- political
- military
- economic
- sociological
- infrastructure
- information
- physical
- environment
- time

- sewage
- water
- energy
- trash
- medical
- safety
- others

- flow-area
- structure
- capabilities
- organizations
- people
- events

 information (from) denied access communities

The Relentless Changing Dynamics of Infectious Diseases

old foes: resurgent drug – resistance



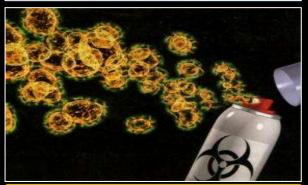
new foes: emerging infectious diseases













global connectivities and faster spread

bioterrorism and dual-use technologies

new technologies: genomics and synthetic organisms

The Biosecurity Quartet

Infectious
Diseases
of
Natural
Origin

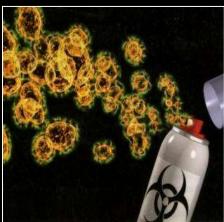
Urbanization,
Environmental
and
Ecological
Impacts on
Disease
Emergence
and Health

Military and/or Humanitarian Missions in Dense Urban Areas Bioterrorism,
New Dual-Use
Technologies
and an
Expanded
Threat
Pattern

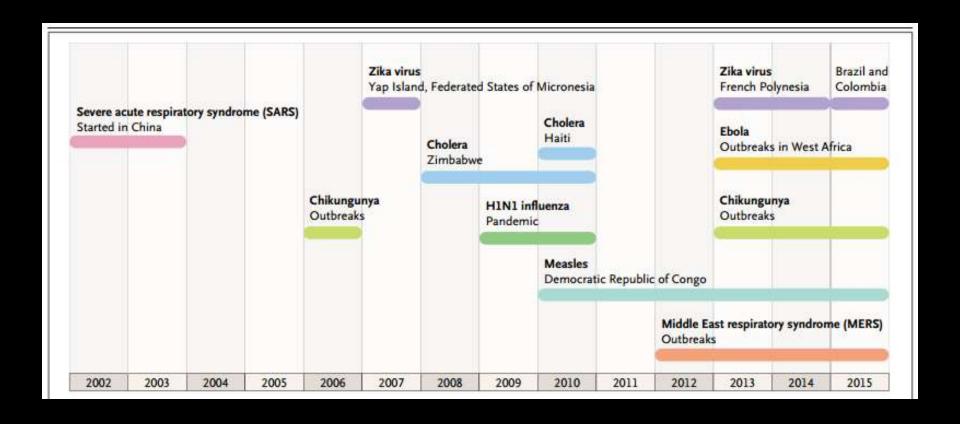








Emerging and Reemerging Infectious Diseases (2002-2005)





Locals wait in line for vaccinations in the Angolan capital Luanda after an outbreak of yellow fever.

PUBLIC HEALTH

Nature (2016) 532, 155

Fears rise over yellow fever's next move

Scientists warn vaccine stocks would be overwhelmed in the event of large urban outbreaks.

5,804,475 people vaccinated in Luanda in the past two months

Rapid Growth of Dense Urban Areas in Developing Countries: The Increased Threat of Zoonotic Diseases

High Population Density With Inadequate Biosurveillance/Containment Major Gaps in Health
Infrastructure and Disease
Reporting

Expanded Eco-niches and New Zoonotic Exposures/Risks







The Dominant Role of Zoonoses In Emerging Infectious Disease



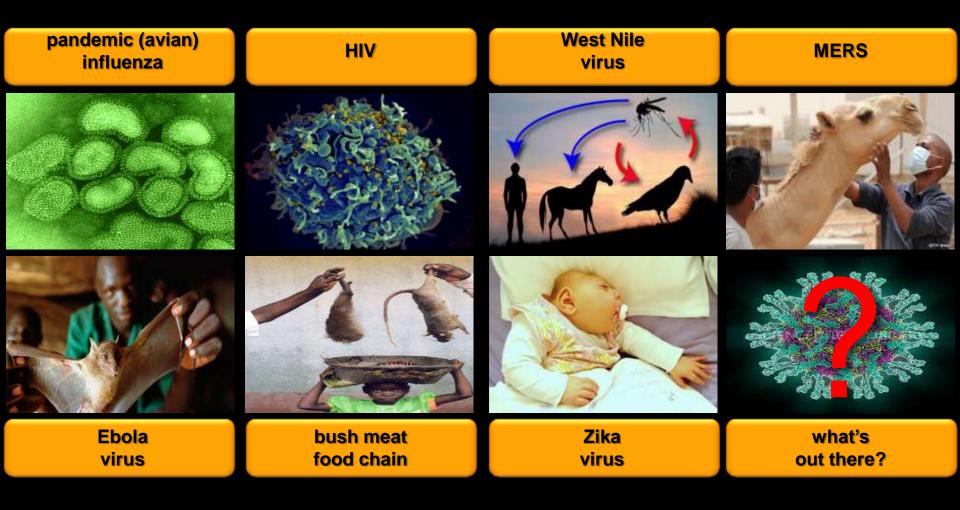




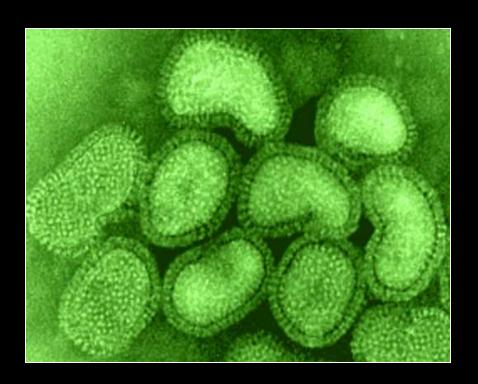


One Health:

Recognition of the Importance of Zoonotic Diseases as Human Health Threats



Pandemic Influenza: Still the Largest EID Threat?





- H1N1: high transmissibility low virulence/mortality
- H5N1: low transmissibility high virulence/mortality
- H5N1 x (H1N1) or (X): potential for devastating pandemic

Biosecurity Implications of the Rise of Intensive Agriculture in BRIC Countries



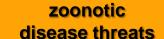
- disruption of global food chain via diversion of grain to animal feed
- new famine risks in DCs



- intensive agriculture and proximity of large avian and pig populations in urban centers
- increased zoonotic influenza risk via bird-pig-human transmission chain

Biosecurity: The 'One Health' Concept

The Health of People, Animals, Plants and Ecosystems Are Inextricably Linked





feeding 9 billion



dirty water



no water





depletion of non-renewable resources



intensive agriculture and new disease patterns



climate change and new vector ranges



fragile global biosurveillance and response infrastructure



The Need for Major Reform in Global Response Capabilities to Epidemic/Pandemic/Epizootic Threats

- critical shortcomings in mobilizing and leveraging public and private sector resources
- major socio-economic impact
- need for new "network of networks"
 - surveillance, education, training
 - coalition coordination
 - private sector incentives

Ebola: West Africa 2014-2015

A Glimpse of the On-Ground Challenge of Managing Epidemic Disease In Locations With Inadequate Infrastructure and Frightened Populations

Still a Small Scale Epidemic and Relative Easily Contained Versus Challenge of Global Pandemic Incident(s)

DOD Mobilization in Ebola Virus Epidemic: West Africa 2014









Ugly Daily Scenes in Managing a Mounting Death Toll Ebola: West Africa 2014









Denial, Fear and "Shadow Zones": Ebola Virus Epidemic W. Africa 2014



- many of the few available treatment centers and clinics closed
- shortage of biohazard control materials
- families hide stricken individuals
- corpses buried in rural villages without adequate containment
- health workers attacked as perceived Ebola carriers
- community resistance, lack of personnel hinder both investigation and containment in the "shadow zones"

Fear and Distrust: Proliferation of Myth and Misinformation



- deliberate spread by Governments
 - delay elections
 - genocidal assault on Kissi tribe
- deliberate spread by healthcare workers (HCW)
- treatment centers as organ harvesting operations for western countries
- attacks on HCW and contact tracers

Amplifying Fears and Resentment





forceful capture of individual who fled from treatment center

military enforcement of quarantine zone and public hostility

Shortage of Critical Biocontainment Resources = Rubber Boots on the Ground



Decontamination





The Logistics (and Risks) of Waste Disposal





Life in High Level Personnel Protection Suits in Hot and Humid Conditions: A One Hour Exercise In Exhaustion





Ebola and Managing Communications: A Critical Competency



- both a biological plague and a psychological one
- not nearly as contagious as many viruses but high lethality generated fear and irrational behavior
- fear spread faster than the disease
- myth and misinformation (local) and media sensationalism (USA) fueled fear and stigmatization

Media Sensationalism, Public Fear and Irrational Populist Decisions by Political Leadership









Ebola In Lagos 2014: A Bullet Dodged



- fear of unchecked spread in urban slums and rapid global dissemination
- arrival of infected individual from Liberia (Patrick Sawyer)
- city's doctors on strike and refusal of Nigerian Medical Association to terminate
- rapid reaction by Nigerian government, NGOs (Gates, MSF), CDC to trace 891 at risk individuals
- advantages of high internet connectivity in contact tracing
- contained to 20 cases and 8 deaths

A Complex Choreography: Logistics, Integration, Turf and Local National Pride

































Biosurveillance and Accurate Diagnosis: Early Detection Saves Lives!



- Ebola: West Africa
 - December 2013 to March 21 2014
 - IHE not declared until August 2014

Every Local Event is a Potential Global Event

Super-Vectors





Rapid Global Spread: Chikungunya (and Dengue)

Billion Cross-Border Travelers/Year





Global Biosurveillance Capabilities

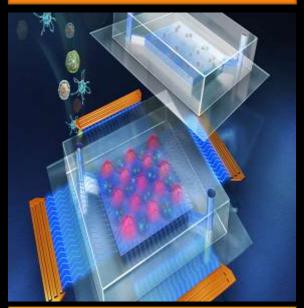
Biosurveillance - Faster Diagnosis Saves Lives: The Primacy of Early Detection and Preparedness Mobilization

Profile



Genetic Signatures of Infectious Agents

Detect



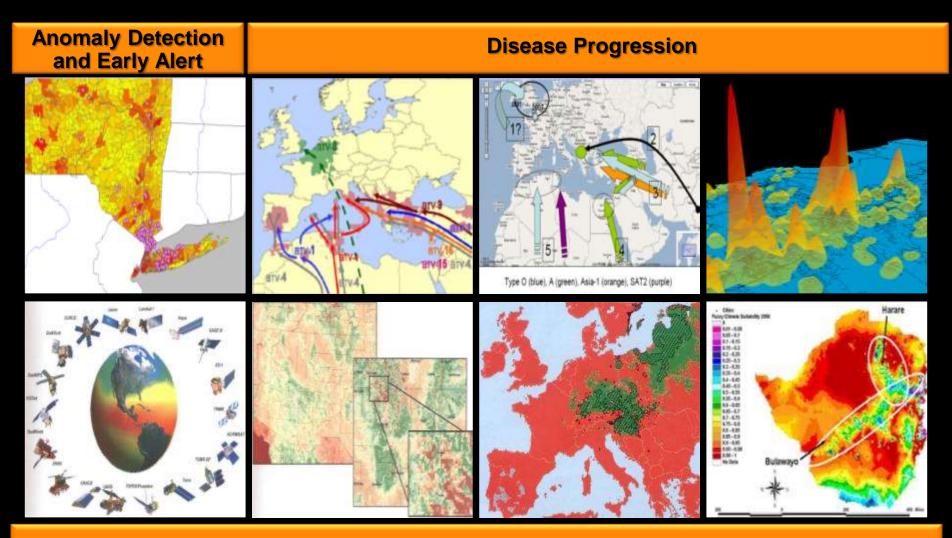
Distributed Rapid
Automated Point-ofNeed Diagnostic Tests

Act



Real-time Situation Awareness and Decision Authority

Geodemographic Information Systems: Mapping Disease Patterns and Modeling Trends



Satellite Surveillance and Predictive Modeling of Disease Trends

Geodemographic Information Systems (GIS): Ground Zero Data

Comprehensive Front Line Sampling of Sentinel Species



















Global Disease Surveillance



EMERGEncy ID NET









Public Health Department's Surveillance









U.S. Influenza Sentinel Provider Surveillance Network







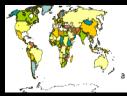


Quarantine Activity Reporting System (QARS).









GeoSentinel

The Global Surveillance Network of the ISTM and CDC

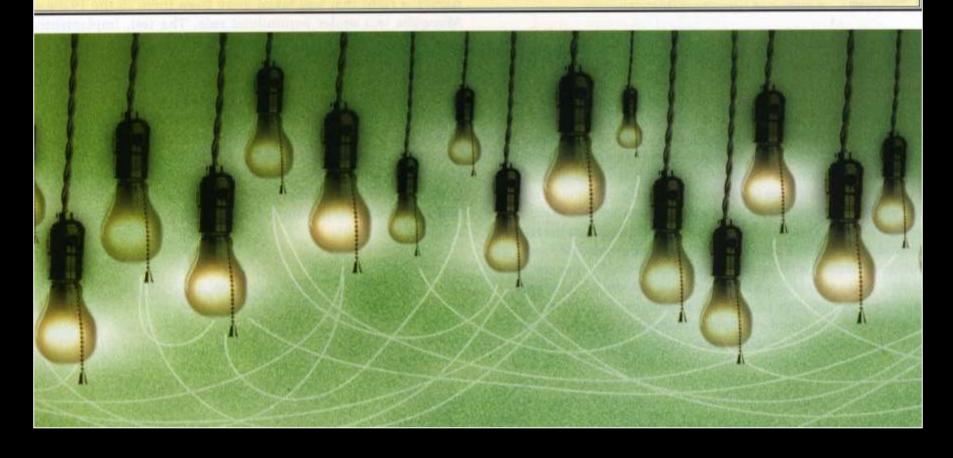
a worldwide communications & data collection network of travel/tropical medicine clinics



Seamless Communication Networks: A Key Success Factor in Bioincident Management



HELL IS THE PLACE WHERE NOTHING CONNECTS - T.S. ELIOT



Seamless Communication Networks: A Key Success Factor in Bioincident Management

HELL IS THE PLACE WHERE NOTHING CONNECTS - T.S. ELIOT

Welcome to a Neglected and Poorly Integrated Global Public Health Response System

Inconsistent and Incompatible Data Report Formats and Limited Global Database Integration

Notice the Resemblance? Hygiene and Quarantine as the Only Controls Absent Drugs or Vaccines

Bubonic Plague Physician 15th Century



Ebola, Liberia 21st Century



DOD and Epidemic/Pandemic Disease

Risk in the Homeland

Posse Comitatus Applies But DOD as the Only USG Agency with the Logistical Resources to Coordinate a Robust Response to a Major Bioincident

The 'Fog of Disaster': Crisis Standards of Care and Proliferation of Unanticipated Events and Consequences











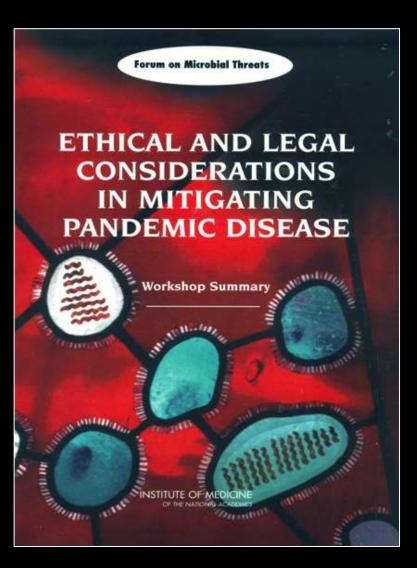


Control of Population Movement and Supply Chain Networks





Legal Aspects of Public Health and Counter-Terrorism Actions to Contain Bioincidents



- suspension of civil liberties
- imposition of quarantine
- triage decisions and rationing
- mandatory medical examination and treatment
- mandatory treatment with unapproved drugs and vaccines
 - informed consent
 - indemnification
 - special populations

Provision of Health Services and Force Protection in Dense Urban Area Hot Zones in Fragile and Failed States

Escalated Complexity if Combat/Counter-insurgency and Public Health/Disaster Missions Need to be Conducted Simultaneously

Constrained Mobility



Denial of Access





Limiting Physical Infrastructure Destruction and Alienation of Previously Supportive Non-Combatants

- non-lethal weapons and riot control
- stun guns
- temporary immobilizing sensory/cognitive modalities
- new see-through capabilities for buildings and subterranean structures
- unmanned systems

'The Golden Hour' and the 'Platinum Ten Minutes' Casualty Care and Extraction

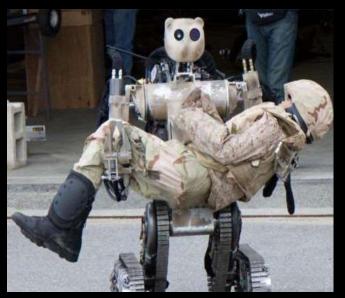








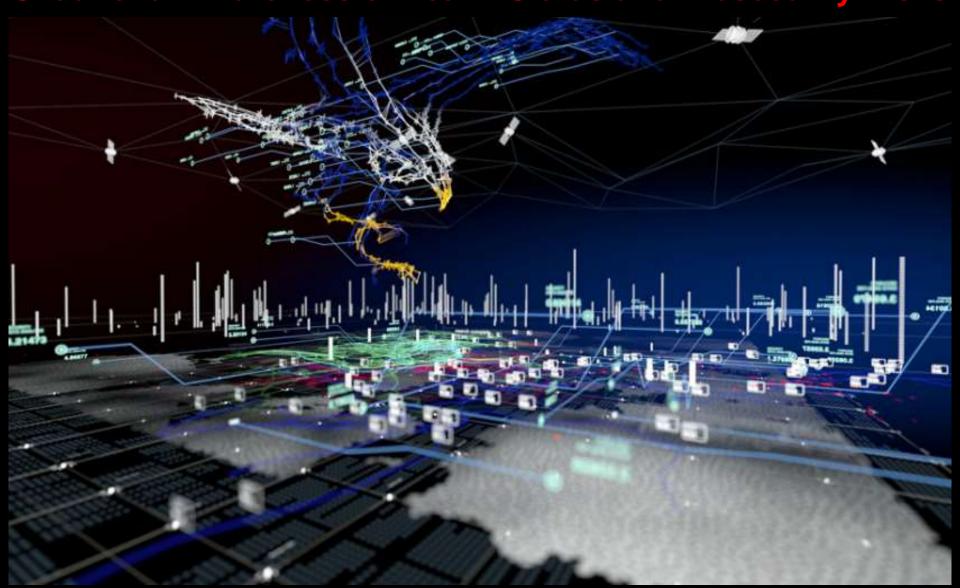
Unmanned Systems (UMS) in Support of Medical Operations in Dense Urban Environments and Complex Terrain



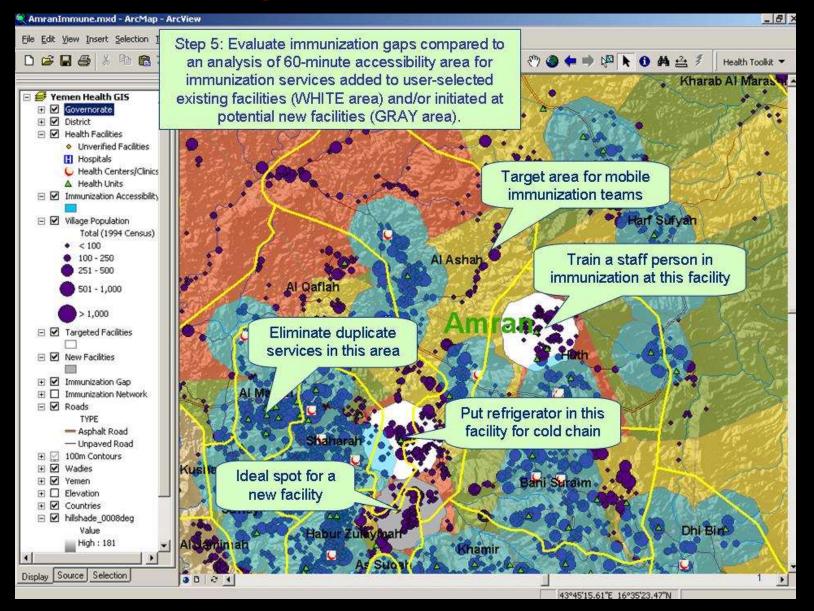


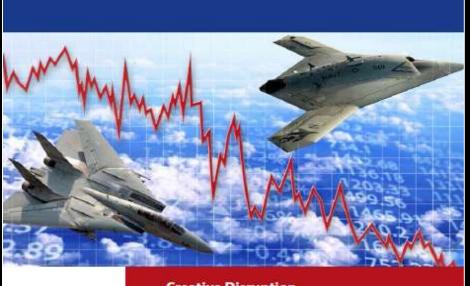
- UMS as force multiplier for wide range of missions including medical logistics
- area denial challenges and restrictions on air and ground MEDEVAC/CASEVAC platforms
- DARPA's Aerial Reconfigurable Embedded System concept includes a detachable module for CASEVAC
- Uncertain capacity to deal with mass (civilian) casualties

Big Data and Analytics: Integration of Diverse Data Streams for Comprehensive Situational Awareness of Health Status and Biosecurity Risks



Mapping Epidemic Disease and Targeting Hot Spots for Immunization





JUNE 2014 Creative Disruption Technology, Strategy and the Future of the Global Defense Industry

By Ben FitzGerald and Kelley Sayler

Foreword by the Honorable William J. Lynn III and ADM James Stavridis, USN (Ret.)

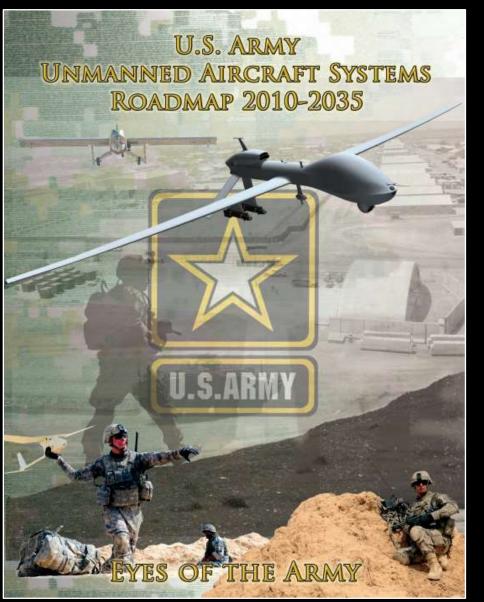






THE DEFENSE SCIENCE BOARD REPORT ON Technology and Innovation Enablers for Superiority in 2030











Cicada: Covert Autonomous Disposable Aircraft





Teaming, Interoperability and Human-Robot Interfaces in the Evolution of Unmanned Systems (UMS)

- projected proliferation of UMS and functionalities
- integration of manned-unmanned systems
- current limited interoperability for command and control of disparate UMS
- almost no current UMS to UMS direct communication capabilities
- development of UAS Control Segment (UCS) as common framework for operator: UMS interactions
- future realization of DARPA's 'Gremlins' program?

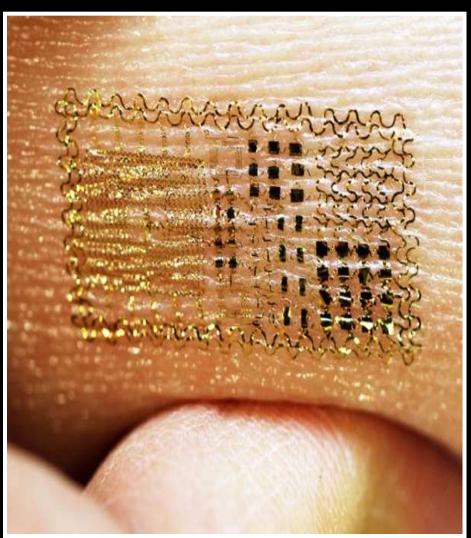
Sensor Webs and the Internet-of-Things (IoT)



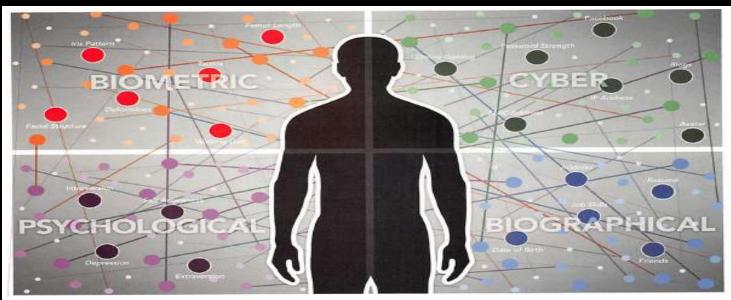
- instrumented, interconnected, interactive and intelligent network(s) of sensors and devices
- pervasive/ubiquitous sensing of diverse environments/analytes
- critical features
 - sense-compute-actuate (SCA) loops
- next-generation features/traits
 - reconfiguration, repair and regeneration
 - intelligence and evolvability

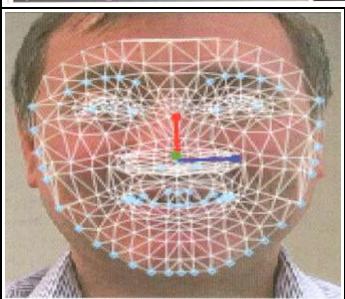
On Body: In-Body Sensor Systems for Real-Time Remote Monitoring and Evaluation of Health Status





Large Scale Integration of Diverse Data Streams for Situational Awareness of Health Status and Biosecurity Risks







Mobile Devices, Disease Tracking, Contact-Tracing and Education



IOT, Social Networks and Social Media: Real-Time Data on EIDs and Environmental Threats

- rich data streams at ground zero and point-of-need (PON), point-of-care (POC)
- continuous surveillance and data for risk communication, operational status planning and bio-incident modeling
- valuable force health multiplier in forward deployed environments with limited human resources, laboratory support, bandwidth and time
- new bioinformatics analytics to reduce uncertainty quantification for decision support
 - DTRA, LANL (EpiEarly, EpiRapid, EpiAgent, BARD, SWAP, EPIC)

Social Media Flash Mobs and Social Swarming "The Revolution Will Be Tweeted"



Radical Transparency:
Where Every Action by US Military/Law
Enforcement/Disaster Responders Will Be
Recorded and Tweeted

New Categories of Real-Time Intelligence Data

- every on ground individual and every device is a potential information node
 - self reported (friendly) or surveilled (neutral or hostile)
 - source, recipient or both
- integration with traditional standoff ISR assets

Geospatial Identification of Structures and Individuals and Real-Time Monitoring of On-Ground Events



Intelligent Systems and Extended ISR Reach

IOT:
ubiquitous
sensors/
devices
and
mobile
networks

autonomous and semi-autonomous systems and swarms distributed intelligence, new control paradigms and decision autonomies

- persistent surveillance
- data diversity, integration and analytics
- machine learning and intelligence at ingestion
- decision support systems

Biotechnology and Synthetic Biology:
The Rapid Growth of New Dual-Use Technology Threads

Synthetic Biology, Genome Editing and National Security: The Ultimate Dual-Use Technology for Modification of Biological Systems?



Genome Editing Listed In The Top Six Threats



Technology
Diffusion,
Automation and
Simplification



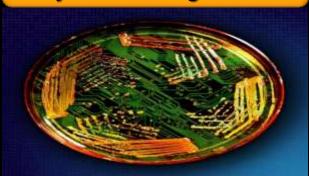
Outdated CBW
Convention:
New International
Oversight Needed

New Technologies and Increased Complexity of Dual-Use Issues in Biosecurity: Synthetic Biology, Genome Editing and Manipulation of Biological Circuits

digital biology: "it from bits"

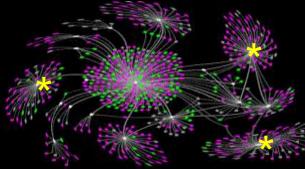


de novo synthesis of organisms



engineered virulence





targeted modification of any biological circuit in any organ



mapping neural circuitry and brain – machine interfaces

华大基因学院 华大基因研究院 华大基因研究院

accelerating technological diffusion

Biosecurity: Health Matters!

military: strategy/conops

civilian sector: global public health

operations in dense urban terrain

sustaining force protection and projection global threat biosurveillance and resilient public health infrastructure global connectivities and potential rapid spread of zoonotic EIDs

changing balance in combat/humanitarian/ stability operations

- changing disease patterns
- new threats
- new instabilities
- megacities and DUAs
- ecosystem deterioration
- resources depletion

- bioterrorism
- dual-use technologies

(Re)Building Robust Global Public Health Preparedness and Resilient 'All Hazards' Capabilities

- major vulnerabilities exist across the full spectrum of biosecurity
 - pre-emptive detection and interdiction
 - rapid diagnosis at point-of-need
 - healthcare resources for mass casualty management
 - drug and vaccine coverage (quantitative and qualitative)
 - outdated public health laws (national/international)
 - emergency control of media/commerce
- stark inadequacies in international mobilization and cooperation

Dangerous Vulnerabilities in the Homeland



United States Government Accountability Office

Testimony
Before the Committee on Homeland
Security and Governmental Affairs
U.S. Senate

For Release on Delivery Expected at 10 a.m. ET Thursday, April 14, 2016

BIODEFENSE

The Nation Faces
Multiple Challenges in
Building and
Maintaining
Biodefense and
Biosurveillance

Statement of Chris Currie, Director, Homeland Security and Justice

A NATIONAL BLUEPRINT FOR BIODEFENSE:

LEADERSHIP AND MAJOR REFORM

NEEDED TO OPTIMIZE EFFORTS

BIPARTISAN REPORT OF THE BLUE RIBBON STUDY PANEL ON BIODEFENSE

October 2015



Institutional Sponsors:

Hudson Institute

TERRÓRISM

Ugly Realities

- minimal to no prospect of building suitably robust urban ecosystems and comprehensive public health services in most DCs over next 10 years
- scale of deficits in infrastructure, educational, social, economic and political systems as major barriers to adoption of solutions from developed countries
- persistent asymmetries and inequities will escalate the probability of DOD engagements in both combat and non-combat missions in dense urban areas, many with major risks to force protection

Biosecurity: A Neglected Dimension in DOD Doctrine and National Security Policy

- accelerate new military capabilities and training for increasingly diverse missions in unstable/anarchic dense urban environments, including infectious disease "hot zones"
 - combat, counter-insurgency, terrorist-criminal nexus
 - global health and humanitarian missions in same OE's
 - new complex logistics needs
 - increased use of robotics and unmanned autonomous systems
 - big data analytics and machine intelligence
 - training facilities and preparedness
 - coalition coordination capabilities
- more proactive analysis of new national security risks and intelligence requirements arising from technology acceleration and convergence in the life sciences

Slides available @ http://casi.asu.edu/

